

# Your committee

## Welsh medical students committee (WMSC)

Committees play a vital role at the BMA. They represent members' views across branches of practice, specialisms, and professional activities and provide expert views and opinions to shape our strategies and policies.

2020-21



The BMA can only function with the contributions of those members who seek election as representatives. Thank you for making the commitment to help represent your colleagues. In order that elected BMA representatives can work together effectively the following principles are important.

- You should declare conflicts of interest to your committee chair/head of committee secretariat as appropriate.
- You should uphold the confidentiality of your committee when requested. If in doubt, ask the chair of committee.
- As a member of the medical profession and as an elected representative, you should always behave in a professional manner. Robust debate is sometimes essential in forming policy, but you should always treat patients, colleagues and staff with respect.
- When you are speaking to or communicating in the broadcast, print or social media as an elected BMA representative, or are identified as such, you should honestly represent the views of the BMA.
- When speaking in a personal capacity you should explicitly ask not to be identified as an elected BMA representative.
- Committee officers should coordinate media engagements with the press office.

In standing for election you agree to uphold these principles as set out above. The information that you provide to the BMA will be processed in accordance with the data protection principles as set out in the General Data Protection Regulation and the UK Data Protection Act 2018.



## WMSC

### Intro from Ellen Davies, WMSC chair

Hello and welcome to the WMSC 2020-21 session.

Congratulations on putting yourself forward and being elected to represent your peers. I am honoured and excited to be your chair for a year that may be unlike any other.

It is impossible to ignore the dramatic changes that have taken place around the world in 2020 and the devastating impact of COVID-19. I feel it is our duty as a committee, this year more than ever, to represent the interests of medical students in Wales. In particular, we ought to monitor the effect of social distancing rules on teaching, exams and progression. Other goals that the WMSC are striving towards include implementation of the BMA's racial harassment charter at Cardiff and Swansea medical schools; promoting suitable mental health support for medical students across Wales; liaison with the GMC on the MLA (Medical Licensing Assessment); monitoring the increase in numbers of Welsh medical student places; and promoting medicine as a career choice to a wider cohort of applicants via outreach and open day programmes.

I hope you share my excitement for the upcoming session. I am confident that we will achieve our aims together with the help of the secretariat.

Best wishes

Ellen Davies

## About the committee

Remit, subcommittees and where it sits in the BMA structure.

The BMA's Welsh medical students committee (WMSC) represents all students studying for a medical degree in Wales. It meets regularly to discuss important issues that have a direct impact on medical students, particularly those relating to education, welfare and finance. The WMSC makes representations to the Welsh Government, medical schools, local health boards and where relevant, the postgraduate deanery. In addition, the WMSC has an extremely important role in actively contributing to the work of the UK medical students committee, ensuring that the views of medical students in Wales are represented. The WMSC also works in co-operation with other committees that represent various branches of practice of the medical profession in Wales.

The committee meets four times a year.

You can find out more about WMSC on the BMA website:

[www.bma.org.uk/collective-voice/committees/medical-students-committee/wales](http://www.bma.org.uk/collective-voice/committees/medical-students-committee/wales)

## Remit of the committee

WMSC considers all matters that relate to medical students in Wales. It informs, lobbies and where appropriate, collaborates with the Welsh Government, Cardiff and Swansea medical schools and HEIW in addressing students' concerns. It informs and works closely with the UK medical students committee (MSC) and the Welsh council.

## Membership of the committee

### WMSC is composed of:

- two representatives from each year at both Cardiff and Swansea medical schools
- one intercalating representative
- chair who may be from Cardiff or Swansea medical school
- vice chair who may be from Cardiff or Swansea medical school.

### Non-voting representatives:

There are a number of ex officio members who hold positions on WMSC by virtue of their office within the BMA.

These are:

- chair of Welsh council
- representative of the Welsh junior doctors committee (WJDC)
- chair of the UK medical students committee (MSC)
- Swansea rep elected to UK MSC
- Cardiff rep elected to UK MSC.

The committee can also co-opt up to four members, without voting rights. The immediate past chair normally has co-opted member status for a period being the lesser of three years or the term served by the succeeding chair. WMSC can also appoint observer members on a time-limited basis to provide particular expertise. Observer members do not have voting rights.

## Your role as a committee member

As an active member you are expected to:

- contribute to the work of the committee
- prepare for meetings to enable you to participate fully in the debates
- take into account both your own views and the views of any branch of practice, group of the profession or organisation you may be representing
- assume various roles as the need arises, eg helping with projects in your area of expertise
- provide a steer to the work of the secretariat
- always uphold the confidentiality of your committee. As a member of the medical profession and as an elected representative, you are always expected to behave in a professional manner. Always treat patients, colleagues and staff with respect. If you have a concern, raise it straight away with the chair of committee or with the committee secretary
- familiarise yourself with the BMA standards of behaviour expected of elected representatives under the BMA code of conduct.

## Roles of other committee members

### Chair

The chair plays a pivotal role within the WMSC. They are responsible for and expected to:

- abide by the BMA behaviour principles and [Code of conduct](#)
- ensure effective working relationships between the officers and members
- promote and ensure compliance with data protection legislation and confidentiality
- ensure committee members are aware of their responsibilities in this area, monitor compliance and address any issues that may arise
- work in partnership with the BMA secretariat and staff
- facilitate change and address conflict within the committee
- act as figurehead and spokesperson as appropriate
- represent the BMA, the committee and medical students in discussions with stakeholders
- keep up to date with developments
- review committee governance, performance and skills
- facilitate succession planning
- plan, set the agenda and prepare for meetings with others as appropriate
- run meetings in accordance with governance guidance and BMA policy

- ensure matters are dealt with in an efficient and orderly manner
- bring impartiality and objectivity to meetings and decision making
- maintain order during meetings, establish a finish time and prioritise items for discussion
- ensure a fair and balanced discussion, giving every member an opportunity to contribute – including visitors as appropriate
- aim to reach collective decisions and agreed action points, summarising these for members at the end of each agenda item and at the end of the meeting
- ensure notes of meetings are accurate and timely and actions are taken and reported
- ensure that regular reports to BMA council reflect the committee’s work and position
- encourage members to contribute to consultation responses
- contribute to and help guide listserver discussions
- take action as necessary, and in consultation as appropriate, and make decisions on behalf of the committee between meetings
- mentor less experienced committee members.

The chair will also take action and make decisions on behalf of WMSC between meetings. Refer to [BMA guidance for chairing a meeting](#) and the [role profile](#) online.

### Co-chair guidelines

Co-chairing of committees can be an effective way of sharing a heavy workload and harnessing the strengths and expertise of two people. In the event of a co-chairship both chairs should only attend committee meetings and negotiation meetings of the committee they are chairing. Attendance at other committees, external meetings and conferences, both internal and external, should be shared unless they are sufficiently important to merit both chairs. You can read more detailed [guidance on co-chairship](#) online.

### Vice chair [\(role profile\)](#)

The vice chair supports the work of the chair of WMSC throughout the year, and may be required to stand in for the chair as the need arises.

### Executive members [\(role profile\)](#)

Strong leadership qualities and mentoring skills are required. You should lead by example and support less experienced members through medico-politics.

### Ex officio members

These members hold positions on the WMSC by virtue of their office within the BMA; for example, representatives of other branch of practice committees.

### Co-optees [\(role profile\)](#)

Co-optees can be BMA members or non-members and are selected on the basis of providing broad experience on issues relevant to WMSC, or to support a specific project.

### Visitors/observers

These roles are not representatives of the committee, and do not have voting rights, but they are not passive. The BMA operates a visitor scheme to allow members to attend meetings as an observer. This provides an opportunity to see the committee in action, and is a useful way to encourage new members to stand for election to the committee. Please see the [BMA Visitors scheme](#) information, together with the [visitor](#) and [observer](#) role profiles online.

### Voting rights

All elected and appointed members have full voting rights, with the deputy member having the same rights as the member for whom they are deputising. The chair is also entitled, in the case of equality of votes, to give a second or 'casting' vote. Ex officio members, invited members, co-optees and visitors do not have the right to vote at meetings, but can offer valuable advice to help members reach decisions.

### Code of conduct

Members are required to familiarise themselves with the BMA's constitution as set out in the memorandum and articles of association and bye-laws of the Association. The [Code of conduct](#) provides guidance on expected behaviour and sets out the standards of conduct that support BMA's values in the work it does.

### Our values

Values are at the heart of an organisation and help to distinguish it from others. They guide an organisation's conduct, and its relationship with its stakeholders and the outside world. They guide us in our thinking and our actions, and enable us to set standards of behaviour against which we can assess ourselves. The BMA values underpin policies, objectives, procedures and strategies and provide an anchor and reference point for all things that happen, and express how we look, speak and act.

### Our behaviours

We have taken the BMA's values – expert, leading, challenging, committed and reliable – and with your help, turned them into [behaviour principles](#) to provide clarity on what we expect from each other as we go about our work and provide a consistent approach for discussing behaviour. They describe what we expect of each other, and what we don't, as well as what is considered above and beyond. Our behaviours form part of our culture change to become a better BMA. Our aim is to adopt them in all we do.

It is our responsibility as BMA members to role model and promote positive behaviours and to challenge poor behaviours.

[Behaviour principles](#) are:

- [Be professional](#)
- [Respect others](#)
- [Be representative](#)
- [Be kind](#)
- [Be accountable](#)

Members must act within the memorandum and articles of the Association and by-laws of the BMA and to promote the success of the Association for the benefit of its members, and exercise reasonable care, skill and diligence in all their duties.



**Attendance:** Members should be able to allocate sufficient time to the Association to enable them to discharge their responsibilities effectively. Member role profiles provide further detail.

**Personal conduct:** Members are expected to maintain a high standard of personal conduct and to treat staff and other members with respect. In particular, members are required to promote and role model the behaviour principles outlined in this code of conduct. Doctors should display the same duty of care towards one another as they would towards patients and in the workplace.

**Election behaviour:** The BMA can only function with the contributions of those members who seek election as representatives. In order that elected representatives work together effectively, on standing for election, members agree to uphold the principles outlined in the code of conduct. Candidates will abide by electoral by-laws and respect other candidates. Members will not put undue pressure on other members or staff to favour a particular candidate.

## GDPR

The GDPR (General Data Protection Regulation) came into force from 25 May 2018. It introduced wide-ranging and significant changes to UK data protection legislation.

The BMA will be open and transparent when processing and using personal information by following the six principles as set out in the new GDPR/DPA act:

- Principle 1:** Personal data shall be obtained and processed fairly, lawfully and transparent.
- Principle 2:** Personal data shall be obtained only for the specified and lawful purposes and shall be processed for limited purposes.
- Principle 3:** Personal data shall be adequate, relevant and not excessive in relation to the purpose for which it is obtained.
- Principle 4:** Personal data shall be accurate and kept up to date.
- Principle 5:** Personal data shall not be kept for longer than necessary.
- Principle 6:** Personal data shall be handled in a way that ensures appropriate security, including protection against unlawful or unauthorised processing, access, loss, destruction or damage

For further information please visit the BMA website on the following links:

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uE3aLeBEAxI>

- [Technology and GDPR T&Cs](#)
- [Confidentiality policy](#)
- [Privacy policy](#)
- [Acceptable use policy](#)

### **Conflict of interests (declarations)**

Members are required to complete the conflict of interests form which will be kept in the secretariat.

### **What is a conflict of interest?**

A conflict of interest can be defined as a 'set of circumstances that creates a risk that an individual's ability to apply objective judgement or act in one role is, or could be, impaired or influenced by a secondary interest.' (National Audit Office 'Conflicts of interest', 27 January 2015).

Conflicts of interests occur where a person acting in a representative capacity (in this case, elected and appointed members, BMA directors and representatives<sup>1</sup> (hereafter referred to in the collective 'member/s'), could be unfairly influenced by financial

or other commitments into failing to represent his or her constituency adequately, or adequately discharge their responsibilities in their appointed or elected position.

It is appropriate, therefore, that there is openness and transparency about other commitments that members may hold. By ensuring that any potential conflicts of interest are disclosed and known to others, they are less likely to influence debates/votes in meetings etc.

The information provided by members will be processed as defined by the General Data Protection Regulation (EU) 2016/279. Data will be processed only for the purposes set out in this policy and not for any other purpose.

### **What type of information should I declare?**

All members must complete and return to the committee secretary a 'declaration of interest' form as soon as possible. Members will be responsible for notifying any changes in their registrable interests within 14 days of the change occurring to ensure that the record is kept updated.

Some guidance on the type of information, which members should consider declaring as potential conflicts of interest is set out below. It is important to

note that this list is not exhaustive and it is impossible to list every potential situation or circumstance, that could give rise to a conflict of interests.

Members should therefore use their judgment to decide whether any of their interests should be disclosed.

- **Directorships and committee appointments:**  
Both paid and unpaid directorships (including non-executive directors or senior employees) of any public, or private company or other body, together with any roles or positions with other committees.
- **Alternative trade union membership external to the BMA:**  
any membership of another trade union must be disclosed.
- **Other remunerated work:**  
Any paid employment or other sources of income outside their normal medical work. Examples might be paid consultancy or advisory positions with government departments, pharmaceutical companies or the medical press, articles sold to the paramedical press, or remunerated speaking engagements. Also included should be work for companies active in other healthcare fields, NHS

trusts, health authorities, any NHS commissioning body, or health boards and endorsements or appointments, which could be used by other organisations for marketing purposes.

- **Gifts, benefits and hospitality:**  
This includes any substantial gift or material advantage received by a member, which in any way relates to his/her membership of BMA committees. This would include trips or visits arising out of membership, where the cost has not been wholly borne by the member, or the BMA. Gifts of less than £500 in value and other benefits of less than £500 in value would be exempt, as would events to which all members are invited.
- **Shareholdings or other positions:**  
Declaration of the name of any public or private company (including any not-for-profit), business, partnership, consultancy active in the field of healthcare, or certain other sectors, where a conflict of interest might arise (eg retail financial services, STM [scientific, technical and medical], publishing) in which the member holds significant shareholdings, interests or control. Significant in the context of shareholdings is defined as either (a) greater than 1 per cent of the issued share capital of the company or body, or (b) less than 1 per cent of

the issued share capital but more than £25,000.

– **Indirect social/business relationships and family interests:**

These would include any close association with an individual who has a financial interest, a non-financial professional interest or a non-financial personal interest (and any other interests) of close family members/friends/business partners that might be considered relevant to an individual's position as a member of any BMA committee.

– Appointments which could lead to a commercial conflict of interests.

– Potential conflicts arising from the possession of confidential information.

– **Miscellaneous and unremunerated interests:**

This includes other interests which do not fall clearly within any of the above categories, for example, membership of societies such as the Freemasons or of other organisations. Membership of, or work for, other bodies such as charities or trusts, which could possibly influence a member's position, with regard to his/her BMA associated activities should also be included, as well as membership of UK governments or Department of Health committees/working

groups (or their equivalents in Scotland, Wales or Northern Ireland), on which the member is not a designated BMA representative.

*Representatives include: non-members who are elected, observers, visitors and lay members.*

**Senior elected positions**

There is also a procedure to assess declared conflicts at the nomination stage for senior elected positions (chairs, deputy chairs, officers and executives), as follows:

**Declaration**

Two questions will be added to the nomination forms for elections, (paper or electronic via the online elections system), to allow individuals to declare any conflicts of interest.

The committee chair and secretariat will consider the declaration and decide whether an actual or potential conflict exists. If the chair and secretariat consider that any matter needs further exploration, they will refer it to the corporate development directorate, for consideration by an independent conflicts of interest assessment group.

**Members are recommended to read the complete BMA [conflicts of interest](#) policy.**

## Key committee dates

How the committee meets, dates of meetings, conferences and apologies for absence

WMSC meets on four formal occasions each year, although members may also contribute to steering groups or working parties established by the secretariat to deal with specific areas of work and projects.

Committee meetings for the 2020-21 session will be held on:

- Wednesday 14 October 2020 (online)
- Wednesday 9 December 2020
- Wednesday 24 February 2021 (TBC)
- Wednesday 19 May 2021

All meetings are held at the BMA office in Cardiff unless otherwise specified and will commence at 6.30pm, preceded by a hot buffet at 6pm.

There will be a UK medical students virtual conference on 10 and 11 October. Please contact secretariat for further information.

## Apologies for absence

It is very important that you advise the secretariat in advance if you are unable to attend a meeting.

See below for contact details. In line with council by-laws, if any elected or appointed member of WMSC is absent from three successive meetings, that member shall (except in cases of illness or for some reason approved by the chair) be deemed to have resigned their membership, and a casual vacancy arises.

## Role of the committee secretariat

The committee executive officer provides support to the committee.

Committee executive officers work directly with the committees and their chairs providing high-level support, maintaining an overview of the committee's work and taking forward policy work not covered elsewhere. Your committee executive officer is responsible for:

- helping you develop your work plans, working with policy colleagues to ensure that these plans fit with BMA policy priorities, ensuring the committee works within the association's articles, by-laws and standing orders
- commissioning work to support those priorities, liaison with policy advisers, researchers, the communications and engagement directorate and colleagues in other directorates as appropriate, to ensure the committee's views are incorporated into policy development and communicated to members and other stakeholders, as appropriate
- making sure that you have the opportunity to contribute to relevant policy development and are accountable for representing the committee's views on all relevant issues (policy development,

implementation, guidance, negotiations) across the directorate

- contributing to the development of committee newsletters or other communications with members
- overseeing support for committee meetings, conferences and awaydays, preparing for meetings, making sure they are effective, run smoothly and that agreed actions are progressed and resolving conflicts as required.

Committee executive officers also undertake all the associated committee administration, for example drafting committee agenda and minutes.

Our committee support team undertakes all the associated committee administration, for example preparing agendas and action notes, diary management, room bookings and maintaining committee listservers.

## Key contacts

Get in touch with members of the unit if you have any questions or queries.

### Danielle Maidment

Committee executive officer

T 02920 474 696

E [dmaidment@bma.org.uk](mailto:dmaidment@bma.org.uk)

### Rodney Berman

Senior policy executive

T 02920 474 631

E [rberman@bma.org.uk](mailto:rberman@bma.org.uk)

### Lucy Merredy

Head of policy and committee services

### Rachel Podolak

National director, Wales

## Key priorities for the committee for the 2020-21 session

### Assessments

We will monitor the changes affecting medical school teaching and assessments during the COVID-19 pandemic and continue to monitor the introduction of the MLA and the medical schools' own assessment procedures.

### Mental health support

WMSC believes that both medical schools in Wales should provide appropriate mental health support for medical students and strives to ensure that this support is signposted effectively. In 2018 we conducted a student mental health survey and in 2020-21 we will continue to use the results of the survey to promote better mental health support for students at Cardiff and Swansea Medical Schools.

### Increase in medical student numbers

Observe the increase of student numbers at both Cardiff and Swansea University and ensure that the additional places are properly catered for and do not affect current students.

## Travel expenses

WMSC continues to lobby both Cardiff and Swansea medical schools to ensure that their student travel expense policies are fit for purpose.

## Helping you participate

### Paperless

We recognise that we have a responsibility to promote and adopt organisational policies that support sustainable practices and improve health. We would be grateful for your support in supporting these environmentally friendly practices. All meeting papers will now be available electronically. Hard copies will be available (and posted out) on request.

## Skype for Business or Teams – video conferencing facilities

For some meetings you may find it easier to join via Skype for Business/Teams video conference from your home or workplace. Video conferencing and webcam facilities are available at BMA House, in regional centres, and in the Scotland, Wales and Northern Ireland offices. For more details about how to connect, see the *In your area* section in your pack. If you would like to video conference into a meeting, please talk to your committee secretariat or staff contact.

Skype for Business/Teams:

- lets you connect with co-workers or business partners
- start conversations with IM, voice or video calls
- see when your contacts are available online, in a meeting, or presenting
- Skype for Business and Teams have industrial-strength security for meetings
- broadcast online to a large audience
- present your screen during meetings or give control to others
- use Skype for Business/Teams in other Office programs to chat, call, or join a meeting with a click.
- short video clips for using [Teams](#).



## Childcare

We have a family-friendly fund to help all our members participate fully in current expenses-qualifying activities. We can provide care facilities for children under 5s, 5- to 14-year-olds, and dependants (adults and 14- to 18-year-olds requiring care) through the BMA family friendly fund. With a minimum of four weeks' notice, care can be provided for approved BMA meetings, either at BMA House, or elsewhere to minimise disruption. In order to apply for care you must complete a copy of the care requirements form, which will be available direct from our child care providers, who the committee staff or the BMA conference unit will provide contact details for.

For more information or for an application form contact Danielle Maidment at [dmaidment@bma.org.uk](mailto:dmaidment@bma.org.uk)

See [care guidelines for BMA members](#)

## Baby friendly policy

Breastfeeding is supported at BMA House and other BMA offices, including in the public areas of BMA House and during meetings. There are also private areas available that include appropriate facilities that you are able to request. Additional breaks are also available during meetings if you are breastfeeding.

## Prayer room

A prayer room is available at BMA House and the national offices. If you would like access to the prayer room please ask your committee secretariat or staff contact who can provide you with further details.

## Catering

Members who have special dietary requirements should confirm their attendance at least 4 days in advance, so that the secretariat can liaise with catering accordingly. Please let us know your dietary requirements and what we can do to make our meeting fully accessible to you. You can email Dorine Chantepie at [dchantepie@bma.org.uk](mailto:dchantepie@bma.org.uk) or contact the committee secretariat.

## How to claim expenses and honoraria

### Expenses

You are eligible to claim expenses incurred when attending committee meetings. This includes costs of travel, subsistence and accommodation. Payments are made directly into your bank or building society account.

We have a web-based expenses system called Concur, which replaces committee expense claim forms. The website can be used on all current web browsers and is also available on most smartphones and tablet devices. If you have any queries regarding Concur please contact John O'Connor on 020 7383 6458.

We do not provide mobile phones or landlines, but if you incur significant call costs on BMA business, you can submit a copy of your itemised phone bill highlighting the costs incurred on our behalf of and we will reimburse you.

Please contact Danielle Maidment at [dmaidment@bma.org.uk](mailto:dmaidment@bma.org.uk) or call 02920 474696 to get approval for expenses for other committee related activities, such as attendance at conferences or

stakeholder meetings. You can find more information about how to claim expenses on our website –

- [Committee expenses](#)
- [Committee expense rates](#)
- [Scrutiny of expenses](#)

Visit Concur

- [Concur set up guide](#)
- [Concur user guide](#)
- [Concur quick ref guide](#)

### Reimbursement of locum costs

We will reimburse locum costs on production of receipted invoices, in line with the maximum level which is set annually by the oversight and finance committee (currently £550 per day), and where the expense would otherwise be payable by you. Locum reimbursement is available from the first meeting. If you have to pay above the level set for the year by the oversight and finance committee, you can make a claim to the remuneration committee at the end of each session showing evidence of your loss by means of receipted invoices from your locums. You'll also need to give details of the work undertaken for us during the period of the claim.

## Honoraria

Our members are entitled to claim honoraria for attendance at committee meetings or on business on behalf of the committee (including participation by video or telephone conference).

An honorarium is only payable to members who have completed 12 meeting days without payment and will not be eligible to claim an honorarium until their 13th attendance from the beginning of the BMA's political year without payment. This restriction underlines the fact that members are not employed by us. The rate of the honorarium will continue to be set annually by the oversight and finance committee (currently £250 per day).

## Important notes

Expenses must be claimed via the Concur expense system and honoraria are claimed through the attendance sheet at each meeting or where applicable by submission of a non-standard honoraria claim form. All expense claims must be submitted within three months of the meeting or event date, late claims will be paid only at the discretion of the treasurer.

Payments will be made directly into your bank or building society account. You can find more information about how to claim [Committee honoraria](#) in our policy.

## Preferential hotel rates

We have negotiated special discounts at hotels near regional headquarters in London, Scotland and Northern Ireland for use by BMA members, BMA and BMJ staff. You can see the list of hotels available for each region and details on how to book on the BMA website.

<https://www.bma.org.uk/membership/hotel-rates-for-staff-and-members>

## Key links and other useful information

### PLG (Patient liaison group)

The [PLG](#) is an internal reference group that was established in 2004 and represents patients within the BMA, informs BMA policy, and provides an informed patient view on matters of interest to the medical profession and to patients. The committee is comprised of members who come from a range of backgrounds who draw on their knowledge and experience as patients, carers and professionals working in a range of health-related fields.

Working with other BMA committees, the PLG contributes to a dynamic exchange of information and appraisal to ensure that patient perspectives constructively inform BMA policies. This is a two-way exchange of information working within the existing organisational structure to the benefit of both the BMA and patients. The PLG feeds into other committees via consultations, briefing papers and inputs to committees and BMA council with patient-informed views through our representatives that sit of BoP committees. The PLG also runs an annual symposium bringing together stakeholders from healthcare

and across the association to discuss some of the biggest challenges affecting patients and patient care, with topics in the past covering housing and health, digitalisation and Brexit.

### Committee webpages

- <https://www.bma.org.uk/what-we-do/committees/medical-students-committee/welsh-medical-students-committee>
- [Listserver: Wmsc-l@listserv.bma.org.uk](mailto:Wmsc-l@listserv.bma.org.uk)
- [Taking part in a BMA committee](#)
- [Committee policies](#)

### Support schemes for you

- [Mentoring scheme](#)
- [Effective influencing at the BMA.](#)
- [Valuing difference programme](#)
- [Leadership programmes](#)

## BMA

### BMA listserver guidance and terms and conditions of use

Each BMA committee has a listserver, which is an email function that distributes an email to each contact registered with it.

As a member of the listserver, you must observe agreed guidance for the use of listservers and other means of electronic communications, as set out in the BMA [email guidelines](#); BMA [technology terms and conditions and GDPR guidelines](#). These policies form part of the code of conduct.

The [Code of conduct](#) provides guidance on expected behaviour and sets out the standards of conduct that support our values in the work that we do. We are a trade union governed by company law and trade union law. Our code applies to all members of the BMA and members of committees/groups. Members must conduct themselves so as to promote the success of the BMA and maintain the individual and collective reputation of the Association and its members. They must also, at all times, comply with relevant trade union laws. This code of conduct incorporates and

supersedes existing BMA council and board approved codes of conduct.

The code ensures that there is parity between staff and members, with each being held to an equitable standard of conduct. Every BMA member is bound by this code of conduct when conducting BMA business.

Examples of what is appropriate to use the listserver for, include circulating documents or drafts for comments, while inappropriate use would include complaints about services to members or the actions of BMA departments. In cases where the listserver is judged to have been used inappropriately the committee chair has the right to remove access to the listserver.

*'Member' includes all BMA members, BMA directors and representatives, observers, visitors and lay members on BMA committees/councils/boards/groups.*

### Listserver address

[Wmsoc-l@listserv.bma.org.uk](mailto:Wmsoc-l@listserv.bma.org.uk)

## Key policies

### Dignity at work policy

We try to ensure that all members of staff have a safe, healthy and fair working environment. We do not tolerate bullying or harassment of any kind. Bullying may be characterised as offensive, intimidating, malicious or insulting behaviour, an abuse or misuse of power through means intended to undermine, humiliate, unfairly criticise or injure the recipient. Harassment includes unwanted conduct related to a protected characteristic, conduct of a sexual nature, or less favourable treatment for rejecting or submitting to unwanted conduct. You can read further details online, including what to do if a complaint is made against you and contact details for confidential support.

<https://www.bma.org.uk/advice-and-support/discrimination-and-harassment/bullying-and-harassment/promoting-a-positive-working-environment>

### Defamation statement

The BMA requires all its committees to be issued with a statement on defamation at the first meeting of each political session and similar statements are provided to members of its Annual representative meeting each year.

An individual making a public statement on behalf of the BMA and its committees needs to be aware of the potential pitfalls of the law of defamation. In general, a defamatory statement is one which

‘tends to lower an individual’s reputation in the eyes of right thinking members of society, or which would cause him to be shunned or bring him into hatred, ridicule or contempt, or which tends to discredit him in his profession or trade.’

There are two forms of defamation – libel and slander. Libel is the publication in permanent form of a defamatory statement. Slander is its publication in transitory form. So, to give examples, typically slander is spoken unrecorded word, whereas libel includes the written form such as hard copy or electronic communications, but also spoken words that are recorded, for instance in video form, or even in a voice recording such as potentially on a voicemail. An individual can bring proceedings for libel in the

absence of any proof of loss. Proceedings for slander, however, can only generally be brought if loss can be shown although there are limited exceptions such as the slander of an individual in his profession.

There are a number of defences to a claim of defamation these include:

- (a) **truth** – being able to show that what was said is true or substantially true;
- (b) **honest opinion** – a statement of genuinely-held opinion on a stated factual basis;
- (c) **public interest defence** – a defendant can avoid liability if the truth of a statement cannot be proved but if it can be established that publication was responsible and in the public interest;
- (d) **qualified privilege** – a partial defence where the defendant can prove that the publication was in the public interest (there are two forms of qualified privilege – statutory and common law); and
- (e) **absolute privilege** – a complete defence applying to statements made in certain situations e.g. in Parliament, between solicitor and client, statements to the police in a criminal investigation.

An action for defamation can only be brought in the High Court. Legal aid is not available and proceedings are notoriously expensive.

Where it is necessary to mention individuals or organisations, great care should be taken to ensure that no gratuitous or unsustainable comment is made, this being so whether the discussion is on or off the record. Great care must also be taken to ensure that where an issue regarding an individual or organisation is the subject of rumour, it is not given weight or authority by being publicised by the BMA to the detriment of that individual or organisation's reputation. Similarly unsubstantiated comment should not be made about individuals and organisations.

### Internet postings

There is a common misconception that because of the informal and accessible nature of the Internet, different rules apply. The position is, quite simply, that the author of material posted over the Internet is every bit as liable in defamation as the author of off-line material.

Publication of defamatory material takes place once it has been posted on the Internet. It is not necessary for an aggrieved person to prove that anyone has actually read the material. There is the added danger that the material can be accessed anywhere in the world enabling anybody who is aggrieved to sue in that country as well as here.

Website hosts may also be liable, along with the author, for publishing defamatory material if they have been made aware of its presence on a website and have failed to remove it within a reasonable period of time. People who hide behind anonymous postings will find that the website hosts can be required to disclose the identity of the author. If in doubt the BMA's Legal Department or other professional lawyers should be contacted for advice.

### **Electronic communications**

Under the current Data Protection Act 1998 (DPA), which has been replaced by the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and the UK Data Protection Act 2018 (DPA 2018), data subjects are entitled to request the disclosure of information held on them by the BMA. The DPA, GDPR and DPA 2018 extends not only to electronic files (including external and internal email correspondence and including activity tracking) but to manual files as well. Subject to exemptions, the BMA is legally obliged to provide the information requested. To avoid the risk of a claim for defamation, it is extremely important that all recorded information relating to individuals is accurately and properly expressed. Anything which could be regarded as offensive, insulting and defamatory must be avoided unless approved by the BMA's Legal Department or other professional lawyers.

The best practical advice is that any reference to an individual or an organisation should be made in measured terms after a careful appraisal of the evidence available with legal advice being sought where appropriate. If this advice is followed there should be no difficulties with respect to defamation.

### **Anti-corruption and anti-bribery policy**

We take a zero-tolerance approach to bribery and corruption, and do not make or accept facilitation payments, also known as 'kickbacks', of any kind in return for a business advantage. Corruption is dishonest and fraudulent conduct, which often involves bribery. Bribery is the inducement or reward offered, promised or provided in order to gain any commercial, contractual, regulatory or personal advantage.



### **Time off for trade union duties and activities**

Employees who are representatives of a recognised trade union have the legal right to be permitted a reasonable amount of paid time off work to enable them to carry out trade union duties. The code of practice for trade union duties is different in Northern Ireland than the rest of the UK. Further details, including a list of key documents that you may need to secure paid time off work, are available online.

<https://www.bma.org.uk/pay-and-contracts/leave/trade-union-leave/trade-union-leave>

### **Whistleblowing guidance**

Whistleblowing is a term applied to a situation where an employee, former employee or member of an organisation raises concerns to people who have the power and presumed willingness to take corrective action. You are protected in law from harassment and bullying when you raise a concern, and we can support you in addition to local support structures. A more detailed guide to whistleblowing, including case studies, is available online. <https://www.bma.org.uk/advice/employment/raising-concerns/guide-to-raising-concerns>

### **Equal opportunities policy**

We are committed to equality in the provision of services to our members and stakeholders. This ensures that all members, those applying for membership, and other service users will receive the highest possible standards of service from us, irrespective of race, ethnicity, gender, sexual orientation, marital status, civil partnership status, age, disability, chronic illness, religion or belief. You can read further details online.

<https://www.bma.org.uk/about-us/equality-diversity-and-inclusion>

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